

The PILOTS Thesaurus

Introduction

The literature of traumatic stress is complex. It is produced by workers in many disciplines, including psychiatry, psychology, social work, criminology, and law. Some papers are reports of research; some are intended to help clinicians choose and apply therapeutic techniques; others are written to guide policy makers, to inform patients and their families, or to describe personal experiences. It is an international literature, with publications from dozens of countries and languages.

Because of all this, it is more difficult to search than less complicated literatures. Psychiatrists and psychologists don't always use the same words to describe the same phenomena. Europeans don't always use the same classification of mental disorders as Americans. Even so simple a concept as the proper term to describe Americans of African ancestry can be the subject of considerable controversy.

To alleviate these difficulties, PILOTS (like many other databases) uses a controlled vocabulary to standardize the indexing of documents and the process of retrieving them. The controlled vocabulary is not a concept limited to bibliographical work. Whether it be the definitions contained in the official rules of baseball or the nomenclature prescribed in the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*, a controlled vocabulary will come into being whenever there is a need to standardize the terminology used by a group of people working toward a common end. There are thousands of people around the world publishing work on traumatic stress. The most effective way of finding the papers you need in the PILOTS Database is to use the PILOTS Thesaurus.

The PILOTS Thesaurus consists of a list of more than 1200 terms ("descriptors") arranged so as to show the relationships among them. When we index a document, we select from the Thesaurus the terms that best describe its form and content. When you search the PILOTS Database, you can use the Thesaurus to find terms that best describe the material you are looking for. In theory—and surprisingly often in practice—when your search terms match our index terms you will have identified those papers most relevant to your need.

This list of terms is presented in two forms in the PILOTS Thesaurus: as a *Systematic Table* on pp.

22-32, and as an *Alphabetical Index* on pp. 33-172. *Supplementary Term Lists* on pp. 173-177 provide names of specific incidents, organizations, and persons that may also be used in indexing and searching.

Using the Systematic Table

The *Systematic Table* structures our examination of each document that we receive. Eight alphabetical lists (Stressors, Affected Persons, Effects, Assessment, Treatment, Scientific Research, Policy Issues, and Literary Formats) contain general terms for these areas. These, in turn, are divided and subdivided, so that the level of specificity with which a particular paper deals with these areas can be reflected in our indexing.

For example, an article on the treatment of PTSD might deal with "Treatment" in general, or more specifically with "Drug Therapy." It might concentrate on one type of drug therapy, such as "Antidepressant Drugs," or on one of these in particular, such as "Tricyclic Derivatives." Each of these terms represents a narrowing of the concept mentioned immediately before, which the PILOTS Thesaurus indicates by means of indentation:

```
Treatment
  Drug Therapy
    Antidepressant Drugs
      Tricyclic Derivatives
```

By examining the Systematic Table, you can locate terms with which to search the database, even if you don't know what terms our vocabulary might use.

The Systematic Table is especially useful in ensuring that you will locate all the papers that deal with your subject. Let's say that you are looking for papers on the use of antidepressant drugs in treating PTSD. "Antidepressant Drugs" is an obvious descriptor to use; but you might also want to look at those papers that deal with specific categories of antidepressants, which would be indexed under more specific descriptors rather than the more general one.

How Descriptors Are Assigned

Indexing a document is an attempt to answer several questions about it in a standardized way. The assumption is that every paper indexed in PILOTS deals with some aspect of traumatic stress. So we assign descriptor terms to a given publication by asking:

- What traumatic event occurred to cause the phenomena discussed in this paper? We select the appropriate term(s) from the **Stressors** hierarchy.
- Who was affected by it? We add as many terms as are applicable from the **Affected Persons** hierarchy. Specific terms for age, sex, and nationality are applied when the information presented in the publication makes it possible to identify data pertaining specifically to those groups. (For example, if a paper discusses a population of both sexes, we would apply the descriptors "Males" and "Females" only if it reported at least some data on males and some on females. If none of the data were broken down by sex, those descriptors would not be applied.)
- What effects did the event have on that person or group of people? The **Effects** hierarchy lists a wide range of symptoms and disorders from which we select all that are appropriate.
- How were these effects assessed? What approach to assessment and diagnosis was employed? Terms from the **Assessment** hierarchy are used to answer these questions.
- What was done to prevent or alleviate those effects? The answer lies in terms chosen from the **Treatment** hierarchy.

These questions don't cover all possible areas of interest. Three other categories of information are used to assign descriptors:

- **Scientific Research:** What methodology was used? What has the paper to say about the process of research into traumatic stress?
- **Policy Issues:** What is the role of those other than the patient and the therapist? How does traumatic stress interact with government and the legal system? What is the public's perception of traumatic stress?
- **Literary Format:** Is the information presented in a particular way?

Asking these same questions will help you to design a search strategy that will find the material you need among the thousands of publications indexed in the PILOTS Database. In many cases, it will be worth your while to supplement this approach with natural language searching—that is, using words or phrases that seem to you to be relevant to your search but which are not included in the PILOTS Thesaurus. This will allow you to use terms that are too new, too specialized, or too idiosyncratic to be found in the controlled vocabulary, but which might have been used by the author of a relevant paper in its title or abstract. (For more information on this, see p. 7.)

Using the Alphabetical Index

The *Alphabetical Index* to the Thesaurus is a list of terms describing material that might be sought by a user of the PILOTS Database. It includes not only the 1200-odd PILOTS descriptors but also a large number of other words and phrases that database users might have in mind. Its purpose is to indicate which of these terms should be used in searching the database, and to display the relationships between all of the terms listed.

The Alphabetical Index shows three kinds of relationships among terms:

- Equivalence relationships
- Hierarchical relationships
- Associational relationships

For many descriptors, it also gives a Scope Note that explains the way in which the term is used in the PILOTS Database.

Scope Notes taken by permission from the *Thesaurus of Psychological Index Terms*, are indicated by [APA]. A few others are from *Black's Law Dictionary* [BLD]; *Corsini's Dictionary of Psychology* [Corsini]; the *International Thesaurus of Refugee Terminology* [ITRT]; the National Library of Medicine's *Medical Subject Headings* [MeSH]; *Barker's Social Work Dictionary* [SWD]; and *Stedman's Medical Dictionary* [St]. An asterisk indicates that the original text was modified or adapted.

Equivalence Relationships (USE and UF)

In an *equivalence relationship*, two or more terms express the same (or nearly the same) concept, at least for indexing purposes. One of these terms is chosen as the *descriptor*, and is used whenever a publication dealing with that concept is indexed in the database. That term is listed in **bold face** type. Its synonyms are listed in ordinary type, with a reference to the descriptor that should be used in searching. For example:

Firemen
USE: Fire Fighters

In each case, both sides of the relationship are shown. Thus you would also find:

Fire Fighters
UF: Firemen

"UF" simply means "used for"; in this case, the descriptor "Fire Fighters" is used for the term "Firemen."

Hierarchical Relationship (BT and NT)

In a *hierarchical relationship*, one descriptor (the "Broader Term") describes a class or a whole, of which other descriptors ("Narrower Terms") are members or parts. One descriptor may be a broader term of another, and a narrower term of yet another descriptor.

For example, "Drug Therapy" is a class of treatment of which "Antidepressant Drugs" is an example; thus "Drug Therapy" is a broader term (BT) of "Antidepressant Drugs." "Drug Therapy" is also a member of the more general class of "Treatment" and is thus a narrower term (NT) of "Treatment." In the Alphabetical Index this relationship would appear as follows:

Drug Therapy

BT: Treatment

NT: Antidepressant Drugs

This relationship would also be shown under the entries for "Antidepressant Drugs" and "Treatment."

In the Alphabetical Index to the PILOTS Thesaurus, only the hierarchical level immediately above and immediately below each descriptor is shown. (For a representation of all broader and narrower levels, see the Systematic Table.)

Associative Relationship (RT)

In an *associative relationship*, two terms are linked to suggest that someone searching for information indexed under one term might also wish to consider using the other, even though the PILOTS Thesaurus does not place them in a hierarchical relationship. For example, "Pregnancy," "Abortion," and "Miscarriage" are all shown as related terms (RT), even though they are narrower terms of three different descriptors, because it is likely that papers indexed under one of those terms might be of interest to those searching for material indexed under the others.

In some cases this relationship is indicated where two opposite concepts exist. Thus "Transference" and "Countertransference" (both narrower terms of "Psychotherapeutic Processes") are shown as related terms.

Pattern Matching

We have described a PILOTS search as "an exercise in pattern matching." By using the PILOTS Thesaurus, you can ensure that the pattern that you are trying to match actually exists within the database, and increase your chances of finding the papers you need for your research or clinical work.

Systematic Table of PILOTS Database Descriptors

Revised May 2007

All descriptors assigned to documents indexed in the PILOTS Database are chosen from this list, except for the names of particular persons, organizations, or incidents. This list is arranged hierarchically. Each hierarchical level is indicated by indentation; at each level, terms are arranged alphabetically. The eight hierarchies, indicated by **bold face** in the table below, are:

- Affected Persons
- Assessment
- Effects
- Literary formats
- Policy Issues
- Scientific Research
- Stressors
- Treatment

Terms in *italics* are not assigned as descriptors, but are shown to indicate their hierarchical role in the PILOTS Thesaurus.

Affected Persons

Age Groups

Adolescents

Adults

Aged

Middle Aged

Young Adults

Children

Infants

Neonates

Preschool Age Children

School Age Children

Preadolescents

Ethnic and National Groups

North Americans

Americans

African Americans

Arab Americans

Asian Americans

Cambodian Americans

Chinese Americans

Filipino Americans

Indian Americans

Japanese Americans

Korean Americans

Laotian Americans

Vietnamese Americans

European Americans

Hispanic Americans

Mexican Americans

Puerto Rican Americans

Immigrant Americans

Native Americans

Native Alaskan Americans

Pacific Islander Americans

American Samoans

Guamanians

Native Hawaiian Americans

Bermudians

Canadians

Immigrant Canadians

Native Canadians

Greenlanders

Saint Pierreans

Africans

Algerians

Angolans

Basotho

Batswana

Beninese

Burkinabe

Burundians

Cameroonians

Cape Verdeans

Central Africans

Chadians

Comorans

Congolese

Djiboutians

Equatorial Guineans

Eritreans

Ethiopians

Gabonese

Gambians

Ghanaians

Guinea-Bissauans

Guineans

Ivoirians

Kenyans

Liberians

Libyans

Mahorais

Malagasy

Malawians

Malians

Mauritanians

Mauritians

Moroccans

Mozambicans	Kazakhstanis
Namibians	Koreans
Nigerians	Kurds
Nigeriens	Kyrgyzstanis
Reunionese	Malaysians
Rwandans	Maldivians
Sahrawis	Mongolians
Saint Helenians	Nepalese
Sao Tomeans	Pakistanis
Senegalese	Seychellois
Sierra Leoneans	Singaporeans
Somalis	Sri Lankans
South Africans	Tajikistanis
Sudanese	Thai
Swazis	Tibetans
Tanzanians	Timorese
Togolese	Turkmens
Tunisians	Uighurs
Ugandans	Uzbekistanis
Zairians	Australians
Zambians	Aboriginal Australians
Zimbabweans	Christmas Islanders
Arabs	Cocos Islanders
Bahrainis	Immigrant Australians
Egyptians	Norfolk Islanders
Emiratis	Caribbean Islanders
Iraqis	Anguillans
Jordanians	Antiguans
Kuwaitis	Arubans
Lebanese	Bahamians
Omanis	Barbadians
Palestinians	Barbudans
Qataris	British Virgin Islanders
Saudis	Caymanians
Syrians	Cubans
Yemenis	Dominican Islanders
Asians	Dominicans
Afghans	Dutch Antilleans
Bangladeshis	Grenadians
Bhutanese	Guadeloupians
Bruneians	Haitians
Burmese	Jamaicans
Chinese	Kittitians
Hong Kong Chinese	Martiniquais
Macau Chinese	Montserratians
Overseas Chinese	Nevisians
Taiwan Chinese	Puerto Rican Americans
Filipinos	Saint Lucians
Indians	Saint Vincentians
Indochinese	Tobagonians
Cambodians	Trinidadians
Laotians	Turks Islanders
Hmong	Virgin Islanders
Mien	Europeans
Vietnamese	Albanians
Amerasians	Andorrans
Indonesians	Armenians
Iranians	Austrians
Japanese	Azerbaijanis

Basques	Hondurans
Belarusians	Nicaraguans
Belgians	Panamanians
Bosnians	Salvadorans
British	Chileans
Bulgarians	Colombians
Croats	Ecuadorians
Cypriots	Falkland Islanders
Czechs	French Guianese
Danes	Guyanese
Dutch	Mexicans
Estonians	Paraguayans
Faroese	Peruvians
Finns	Surinamers
French	Uruguayans
Georgians	Venezuelans
Germans	Pacific Islanders
Gibraltarians	Cook Islanders
Greeks	Fijians
Hungarians	French Polynesians
Icelanders	Futunans
Irish	Guamanians
Northern Irish	I-Kiribati
Italians	Marshallese
Kosovars	Micronesians
Latvians	Nauruans
Liechtensteiners	New Caledonians
Lithuanians	New Zealanders
Luxembourgers	Maori New Zealanders
Macedonians	Ni-Vanuatu
Maltese	Niueans
Moldovans	Pacific Islander Americans
Monegasques	American Samoans
Montenegrins	Guamanians
Norwegians	Native Hawaiian Americans
Poles	Palauans
Portuguese	Papua New Guineans
Romanians	Pitcairn Islanders
Russians	Polynesians
Sammarinese	Samoans
Serbs	Solomon Islanders
Slovaks	Tokelauans
Slovenes	Tongans
Spaniards	Tuvaluans
Swedes	Wallisians
Swiss	Roma
Ukrainians	Turks
Yugoslavs	<i>Family Relationships</i>
Indigenous Peoples	Family Members
Inuit	Grandchildren
Israelis	Grandparents
Latin Americans	Offspring
Argentines	Orphans
Bolivians	Parents
Brazilians	Single Parents
Central Americans	Siblings
Belizeans	Twins
Costa Ricans	Significant Others
Guatemalans	Spouses

Occupational Groups

Agricultural Workers
 Migrant Farm Workers
 Air Traffic Controllers
 Artists
 Athletes
 Blue Collar Workers
 Clergy
 Missionaries
 Emergency Personnel
 Body Handlers
 Casualty Assistance Workers
 Fire Fighters
 Police Personnel
 Military Police Personnel
 Prison Personnel
 Relief Workers
 Flying Personnel
 Foreign Service Personnel
 Human Rights Workers
 Intellectuals
 Interpreters
 Medical Personnel
 Dentists
 Nurses
 Paramedical Personnel
 Physicians
 Obstetricians
 Pediatricians
 Psychiatrists
 Surgeons
 Neurosurgeons
 Physicians' Assistants
 Mental Health Personnel
 Occupational Therapists
 Psychiatrists
 Psychologists
 Social Workers
 Merchant Marine Personnel
 Military Personnel
 Air Force Personnel
 Army Personnel
 Coast Guard Personnel
 Commissioned Officers
 Enlisted Personnel
 Marine Personnel
 Military Police Personnel
 Missing in Action
 National Guard Personnel
 Navy Personnel
 Noncommissioned Officers
 Peacekeeping Personnel
 Reserve Personnel
 Resistance Fighters
 Special Forces Personnel
 Nuclear Plant Workers
 Performing Artists
 Polar Personnel
 Antarctic Personnel

 Arctic Personnel
 Postal Workers
 Research Personnel
 School Personnel
 Teachers
 Sex Workers
 Students
 College Students
 Elementary School Students
 Graduate Students
 High School Students
 Junior High School Students
 Kindergarten Students
 Preschool Students
 Transport Workers
 United Nations Personnel
 University Personnel
 Academics
 White Collar Workers
 Bank Workers
 Writers
 Composers
 Journalists

Religious Groups

Atheists
 Bahais
 Buddhists
 Christians
 Copts
 Jehovahs Witnesses
 Mormons
 Orthodox Christians
 Protestants
 Roman Catholics
 Confucianists
 Hindus
 Humanists
 Jains
 Jews
 Muslims
 Shintoists
 Sikhs
 Taoists
 Zoroastrians

Sex Groups

Females
 Males

Sexual Minorities

Homosexuals
 Transgendered Persons
 Transsexuals

Socioeconomic Status

Lower Class
 Middle Class
 Upper Class
 Abandoned Children
 Colonists
 Disabled
 Autistic

- Blind
- Deaf
- Mentally Retarded
- Multiply Disabled
- Physically Disabled
- Hospital Patients
 - Emergency Room Patients
 - Psychiatric Inpatients
- Migrants
 - Displaced Persons
 - Internally Displaced Persons
 - Refugees
 - Asylum Seekers
 - Emigrants
 - Exiles
 - Immigrants
 - Unaccompanied Minors
- Peers
- Perpetrators
- Prison Inmates
 - Hostages
 - Political Prisoners
 - Prisoners of War
- Reservation Residents
- Runaways
- Rural Populations
- Shelter Residents
- Stateless Persons
- Survivors
- Treatment Dropouts
- Veterans
- Witnesses

Assessment

- Assessment Instruments
 - Acute Stress Disorder Assessment
 - Instruments
 - Anatomically Detailed Dolls
 - Dissociation Assessment Instruments
 - Interview Schedules
 - Projective Techniques
 - PTSD Assessment Instruments
 - Self Report Instruments
 - Trauma Assessment Instruments
- Biologic Markers
 - Biochemical Markers
 - Brain Imaging
 - Genetic Markers
 - Neuroendocrine Testing
 - Provocative Tests
- Cross Cultural Assessment
- Diagnosis
 - Differential Diagnosis
 - Medical Diagnosis
- Forensic Evaluation
 - Disability Evaluation
- Nosology
 - Diagnostic Validity
- Patient History

Psychophysiological Assessment

Effects

- Academic Achievement
- Alexithymia
- Alienation
- Anhedonia
- Anomie
- Antisocial Behavior
 - Criminal Behavior
- Burnout
- Childhood Disorders
 - Disruptive Behavior Disorders
- Elimination Disorders
 - Encopresis
 - Enuresis
- Pervasive Developmental Disorders
- Tic Disorders
- Cognitive Processes
 - Awareness
 - Attention
 - Cognitive Impairment
 - Memory Impairment
- Communication Disorders
 - Hearing Disorders
 - Language Disorders
 - Speech Disorders
- Conditioned Emotional Responses
- Culture-Bound Syndromes
- Defense Mechanisms
 - Compensation
 - Denial
 - Displacement
 - Fantasy
 - Grandiosity
 - Identification
 - Intellectualization
 - Introjection
 - Isolation
 - Projection
 - Projective Identification
 - Rationalization
 - Reaction Formation
 - Regression
 - Repression
 - Sublimation
 - Suppression
 - Withdrawal
- Delayed Onset
- Guilt
- Health Care Utilization
- Interpersonal Interaction
 - Abuse Propensity
 - Attachment Behavior
 - Marital Problems
 - Parenting Behavior
- Learned Helplessness
- Malingering
- Mortality

Personality Disorders
 Antisocial Personality Disorder
 Avoidant Personality Disorder
 Borderline Personality Disorder
 Dependent Personality Disorder
 Depressive Personality Disorder
 Histrionic Personality Disorder
 Narcissistic Personality Disorder
 Obsessive-Compulsive Personality Disorder
 Paranoid Personality Disorder
 Passive-Aggressive Personality Disorder
 Schizoid Personality Disorder
 Schizotypal Personality Disorder
 Personality Traits
 Adaptability
 Aggressiveness
 Femininity
 Hypnotic Susceptibility
 Irritability
 Masculinity
 Moodiness
 Narcissism
 Neuroticism
 Optimism
 Passiveness
 Pessimism
 Religiosity
 Resilience
 Sexuality
 Spirituality
 Suggestibility
 Positive Effects
 Psychiatric Disorders
 Adjustment Disorder
 Anxiety Disorders
 Generalized Anxiety Disorder
 Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder
 Panic Disorder
 Phobia
 Stress Disorders
 Acute Stress Disorder
 Enduring Personality Change
 PTSD
 Complex PTSD
 PTSD (DSM-III)
 PTSD (DSM-III-R)
 PTSD (DSM-IV)
 PTSD (ICD-10)
 PTSD (ICD-9)
 Stress Disorder Symptoms
 Arousal
 Anger
 Electrodermal Activity
 Hypervigilance
 Startle Reflex
 Avoidance
 Emotional Numbing
 Comorbidity
 Reexperiencing
 Anniversary Reactions
 Dissociative Symptoms
 Hallucinations
 Auditory Hallucinations
 Hypnagogic Hallucinations
 Olfactory Hallucinations
 Somatic Hallucinations
 Tactile Hallucinations
 Visual Hallucinations
 Intrusive Thoughts
 Traumatic Neuroses
 War Neuroses
 Cognitive Disorders
 Dissociative Disorders
 Depersonalization Disorder
 Dissociative Amnesia
 Dissociative Fugue
 Dissociative Identity Disorder
 Drug Abuse
 Alcohol Abuse
 Amphetamine Abuse
 Caffeine Abuse
 Cannabis Abuse
 Cocaine Abuse
 Hallucinogen Abuse
 Inhalent Abuse
 Nicotine Abuse
 Opioid Abuse
 Phencyclidine Abuse
 Sedative Abuse
 Eating Disorders
 Anorexia Nervosa
 Bulimia Nervosa
 Factitious Disorders
 Impulse-Control Disorders
 Mood Disorders
 Bipolar Disorders
 Depressive Disorders
 Psychotic Disorders
 Delusional Disorder
 Schizophrenia
 Sexual Disorders
 Gender Identity Disorders
 Paraphilias
 Sexual Dysfunctions
 Sleep Disorders
 Hypersomnia
 Insomnia
 Narcolepsy
 Nightmare Disorder
 Somatoform Disorders
 Conversion Disorder
 Hypochondriasis
 Somatization Disorder
 Quality of Life
 Occupational Functioning
 Reactivation
 Remission
 Resource Loss

- Self Concept
 - Ethnic Identity
 - Moral Development
 - Self Esteem
- Self Destructive Behavior
 - Completed Suicide
 - Self Inflicted Wounds
 - Self Mutilation
 - Suicidality
- Self Efficacy
- Sexual Behavior
 - Homosexuality
 - Inappropriate Sexual Behavior
 - Promiscuity
 - Prostitution
- Shame
- Sleep Behavior
 - Dreaming
- Somatic Symptoms
 - Cardiovascular Symptoms
 - Chronic Fatigue Syndrome
 - Dental Symptoms
 - Dermatological Symptoms
 - Fibromyalgia
 - Gastrointestinal Symptoms
 - Gynecological Symptoms
 - Adverse Pregnancy Outcomes
 - Premenstrual Syndrome
 - Immunological Symptoms
 - Allergic Symptoms
 - Multiple Chemical Sensitivity
 - Neurological Symptoms
 - Obesity
 - Physical Pain
 - Headache
 - Seizures
- Trauma Contagion
 - Intergenerational Effects
- Traumatic Grief

Literary Formats

- Anecdotes
- Bibliography
 - Abstracts
 - Literature Review
 - Meta Analysis
- Biography
 - Obituary
- Books for Adolescents
- Books for Children
- Case Law
- Case Report
- Commentary
 - Editorial
 - Professional Criticism
 - Professional Criticism Reply
- Critique
- Dance
- Directory

- Drama
- Fiction
 - Children's Fiction
 - Young Adult Fiction
- Graphic Art
- Historical Account
- Humor
- Legislation
- Letter
- Music
- Official Publication
 - Hearing Transcript
 - Legislative Report
- Patient Workbook
- Personal Interview
- Personal Narrative
- Popular Work
- Practice Guideline
- Statistical Tables
- Treatment Manual
- Verse

Policy Issues

- Criminal Investigation
- Developing Countries
- Education
 - Curriculum
 - Professional Training
- Government Agencies
- Government Policy Making
 - Health Care Policy
 - Migration Policy
- Government Programs
 - Military Pensions
 - Social Security
 - Veterans Benefits
 - Workers Compensation
- Health Care Costs
 - Managed Care
- Insurance
- Intergroup Relations
- Legal Processes
 - Traumatic Syndromes*
 - Battered Child Syndrome
 - Battered Woman Syndrome
 - Child Sexual Abuse Accommodation Syndrome
 - Rape Trauma Syndrome
- Administrative Law
- Civil Proceedings
 - Custody Proceedings
 - Tort Actions
 - Assessment of Damages
 - Workplace Related Law
- Criminal Proceedings
 - Competency to Stand Trial
 - Insanity Defense
 - Unconsciousness Defense
- Criminal Pleas

- Self Defense
- Sentencing
- Immigration Law
- International Law
- Martial Law
- Military Law
 - Court Martial
- Refugee Law
- Religious Law
 - Christian Law
 - Canon Law
 - Hindu Law
 - Islamic Law
 - Jewish Law
- Therapeutic Jurisprudence
- Trial Practice
 - Jury Selection
 - Legal Testimony
 - Examination of Witnesses
 - Expert Testimony
 - Pretrial Preparation
- Mass Media
- Military Psychiatry
- Nongovernmental Organizations
 - International Organizations
 - Professional Organizations
 - Veterans Organizations
 - Voluntary Organizations
- Professional Ethics
- Professional Standards
 - Professional Liability
- Public Opinion
 - Health Personnel Attitudes
- Telemedicine

Scientific Research

- Methodology Employed*
 - Clinical Trial
 - Randomized Clinical Trial
 - Followup Study
 - Longitudinal Study
- Animal Models
- Bibliometrics
- Epidemiology
- Etiology
 - Genetics
 - Predisposition
- Methodology
 - Experimental Design
- Neurobiology
 - Neuroanatomy
 - Neurochemistry
 - Neuroendocrinology
 - Neurophysiology
 - Neurotransmitters
 - Receptor Binding
- Psychoanalytic Theory
- Psychobiology
 - Psychopharmacology

- Psychophysiology
 - Biological Rhythms
 - Psychoimmunology
- Research Management
- Research Needs
- Treatment Effectiveness

Stressors

- Acculturation
 - Culture Shock
- Anomalous Experiences
- Anticipatory Stress
- Caregiver Impairment
- Colonialism
- Crime
 - Arson
 - Assault
 - Battery
 - Burglary
 - Community Violence
 - Dating Violence
 - Family Violence
 - Child Abuse
 - Elder Abuse
 - Emotional Abuse
 - Neglect
 - Sibling Abuse
 - Spouse Abuse
- Genocide
 - Armenian Genocide
 - Holocaust
- Hate Crime
- Homicide
 - Mass Homicide
- Incest
- Kidnapping
 - Deprogramming
 - Hostage Taking
- Larceny
- Peer Abuse
- Prison Riots
- Rape
 - Acquaintance Rape
 - Partner Rape
- Ritual Abuse
- Robbery
 - Piracy
- School Violence
- Sexual Harassment
- Stalking
- Terrorism
- Torture
- Trafficking
- Workplace Violence
- Cults
- Death by Suicide
- Disasters
 - Accidents
 - Air Traffic Accidents

Home Accidents
 Industrial Accidents
 Motor Traffic Accidents
 Pedestrian Accidents
 Railroad Accidents
 Ship Accidents
 Natural Disasters
 Avalanches
 Blizzards
 Earthquakes
 Epidemics
 Epizootics
 Famine
 Floods
 Hurricanes
 Landslides
 Lightning
 Tornados
 Tsunamis
 Volcanos
 Technological Disasters
 Building Collapse
 Explosions
 Landmines
 Fires
 Nuclear Accidents
 Toxic Contamination
 Agent Orange
 Nuclear Testing
 Diseases
 AIDS
 Anaphylactic Shock
 Cancer
 Cardiovascular Diseases
 Chronic Diseases
 Congenital Diseases
 Mental Illness
 Musculoskeletal Diseases
 Multiple Sclerosis
 Respiratory Diseases
 Terminal Illness
 Distant Trauma
 Executions
 Forced Isolation
 Forced Labor
 Slavery
 Grotesque Death
 Imaginary Events
 Incarceration
 Concentration Camps
 Political Imprisonment
 War Imprisonment
 Injuries
 Animal Attacks
 Dog Bites
 Snake Bites
 Burns
 Disfigurement
 Electrical Injuries
 Hand Injuries
 Head Injuries
 Orthopedic Injuries
 Spinal Cord Injuries
 Wounds
 Legal Procedures
 Jury Service
 Life Experiences
 Adoption
 Aging
 Bereavement
 Death of Child
 Perinatal Death
 Miscarriage
 Neonatal Death
 Stillbirth
 Death of Parent
 Death of Public Figure
 Death of Sibling
 Death of Spouse
 Separation
 Divorce
 Loss of Custody
 Childbirth
 Disability
 Homelessness
 Polygamy
 Poverty
 Pregnancy
 Relocation
 Retirement
 Reunions
 Unemployment
 Medical Procedures
 Dental Procedures
 Genetic Testing
 Intensive Care Procedures
 Psychotherapeutic Procedures
 Reproductive Technology
 Surgical Procedures
 Abortion
 Amputation
 Genital Mutilation
 Mastectomy
 Anesthetic Failure
 Organ Transplantation
 Sterilization
 Migration
 Forced Migration
 Internal Displacement
 Secondary Migration
 Multiple Traumatic Events
 Revictimization
 Persecution
 Prenatal Stress
 Research Participation
 Experimental Stressors
 Starvation
 War

Individual Wars

Abkhazian War
 Afghanistan War
 Algerian War
 American Civil War
 Arab-Israeli War
 Intifada
 Israel-Lebanon War
 Yom Kippur War
 Boer War
 Chechnya War
 Crimean War
 Falklands War
 Gulf War
 Indochina War
 Indonesian Revolution
 Iran-Iraq War
 Iraq War
 Korean War
 Nigerian Civil War
 Russo-Japanese War
 Spanish Civil War
 Vietnam War
 World War I
 World War II
 Yugoslav Wars of Secession
 Biological Warfare
 Chemical Warfare
 Civil Warfare
 Deployment
 Guerrilla Warfare
 Military Intervention
 Humanitarian Intervention
 Military Training
 Nuclear Warfare

Treatment

Animal Assisted Therapy
 Behavior Modification
 Biofeedback Training
 Relaxation Therapy
 Case Management
 Coping Behavior
 Disclosure
 Creative Arts Therapy
 Art Therapy
 Bibliotherapy
 Dance Therapy
 Drama Therapy
 Music Therapy
 Storytelling
 Therapeutic Writing
 Videotherapy
 Cross Cultural Treatment
 Drug Therapy
 Analgesic Drugs
 Antianxiety Drugs
 Antihistamine Derivatives
 Azapirone Derivatives

Benzodiazepine Derivatives
 Antibiotic Drugs
 Antidepressant Drugs
 Atypical Antidepressants
 Monoamine Oxidase Inhibitors
 Selective Serotonin Reuptake Inhibitors
 Tricyclic Derivatives
 Antihypertensive Drugs
 Antimanic Drugs
 Antipsychotic Drugs
 Hallucinogenic Drugs
 Herbal Medicine
 Narcoanalysis
 Sleep Treatment
 Sympathetic Agents
 Antiadrenergic Agents
 Dopaminergic Agents
 Evidence Based Treatment
 Feminist Therapy
 Meditation
 Centering
 Memory Retrieval Techniques
 Negative Therapeutic Reaction
 False Memory
 Retraumatization
 Nursing
 Occupational Therapy
 Physical Treatment Methods
 Alternative Medicine
 Acupuncture
 Dental Treatment
 Electrosleep Treatment
 Lateral Visual Field Stimulation
 Nutrition
 Physical Therapy
 Shock Therapy
 Surgical Treatment
 Neurosurgical Treatment
 Psychosurgical Treatment
 Plastic Surgery Treatment
 Therapeutic Physical Exercise
 Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation
 Posttreatment Followup
 Prevention
 Crisis Intervention
 Psychological Debriefing
 Critical Incident Stress Debriefing
 Primary Health Care
 Program Evaluation
 Psychosocial Rehabilitation
 Social Skills Training
 Therapeutic Social Clubs
 Vocational Rehabilitation
 Psychotherapeutic Processes
 Boundary Violations
 Sexual Boundary Violations
 Computer Assisted Psychotherapy
 Countertransference
 Interpretation Services

Manual-Based Treatments
Patient Selection
Professional Supervision
Transference
Vicarious Traumatization
Psychotherapy
Adlerian Psychotherapy
Analytical Psychotherapy
Autogenic Training
Behavior Therapy
Aversion Therapy
EMDR
Exposure Therapy
Narrative Exposure Therapy
Virtual Reality Exposure
Reciprocal Inhibition Therapy
Sex Therapy
Systematic Desensitization Therapy
Body Psychotherapy
Brief Psychotherapy
Client Centered Psychotherapy
Cognitive Therapy
Anxiety Management Therapy
Constructivist Therapy
Neurolinguistic Programming
Thought Field Therapy
Traumatic Incident Reduction
Directed Reverie Therapy
Ego State Therapy
Energy Psychotherapy
Existential Psychotherapy
Experiential Psychotherapy
Expressive Psychotherapy
Family Therapy
Gestalt Therapy
Group Psychotherapy
Encounter Group Therapy
Marathon Group Therapy
Psychodrama
Therapeutic Community
Trauma Focus Therapy
Hypnotherapy
Individual Psychotherapy
Insight Therapy
Interpersonal Psychotherapy
Logotherapy
Persuasion Therapy
Play Therapy
Primal Therapy
Psychoanalytic Psychotherapy
Dream Analysis
Self Psychology
Rational Emotive Therapy
Reality Therapy
Relationship Therapy
Transactional Analysis
Transpersonal Psychotherapy
Recreation Therapy
Adventure Therapy
Religion in Therapy
Pastoral Counseling
Shamanism
Ritual Therapy
Self Help Techniques
Twelve Step Programs
Social Casework
Social Support Networks
Peer Counseling
Support Groups
Traditional Medicine
Treatment Compliance
Treatment Duration
Treatment Facilities
Foster Care
Halfway Houses
Hospices
Hospitals
Emergency Rooms
Intensive Care Units
Military Hospitals
Psychiatric Hospitals
Veterans Hospitals
Nursing Homes
Orphanages
Outpatient Treatment
Community Mental Health Centers
Rape Crisis Centers
Veterans Centers
Partial Hospitalization
School Based Treatment
Victim Services
Outreach Programs
Victim Compensation